[0032] FIG. 1 is a view of an optical imaging system, according to a first embodiment;

[0033] FIG. 2 are graphs representing aberration curves of the optical imaging system illustrated in FIG. 1;

[0034] FIG. 3 is a table representing characteristics of lenses of the optical imaging system illustrated in FIG. 1;

[0035] FIG. 4 is a view of an optical imaging system, according to a second embodiment;

[0036] FIG. 5 are graphs representing aberration curves of the optical imaging system illustrated in FIG. 4; and

[0037] FIG. 6 is a table representing characteristics of lenses of the optical imaging system illustrated in FIG. 4.

[0038] Throughout the drawings and the detailed description, unless otherwise described, the same drawing reference numerals will be understood to refer to the same elements, features, and structures. The relative size and depiction of these elements may be exaggerated for clarity, illustration, and convenience.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0039] The following detailed description is provided to assist the reader in gaining a comprehensive understanding of the methods, apparatuses, and/or systems described herein. However, various changes, modifications, and equivalents of the methods, apparatuses, and/or systems described herein will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art. The sequences of operations described herein are merely examples, and are not limited to those set forth herein, but may be changed as will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art, with the exception of operations necessarily occurring in a certain order. Also, descriptions of functions and constructions that are well known to one of ordinary skill in the art may be omitted for increased clarity and conciseness.

[0040] The features described herein may be embodied in different forms, and are not to be construed as being limited to the examples described herein. Rather, the examples described herein have been provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will convey the full scope of the disclosure to one of ordinary skill in the art.

[0041] Throughout the specification, it will be understood that when an element, such as a layer, region or wafer (substrate), is referred to as being "on," "connected to," or "coupled to" another element, it can be directly "on," "connected to," or "coupled to" the other element or other elements intervening therebetween may be present. In contrast, when an element is referred to as being "directly on," "directly connected to," or "directly coupled to" another element, there may be no elements or layers intervening therebetween. Like numerals refer to like elements throughout. As used herein, the term "and/or" includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items. [0042] It will be apparent that though the terms first,

[10042] It will be apparent that though the terms first, second, third, etc. may be used herein to describe various members, components, regions, layers and/or sections, these members, components, regions, layers and/or sections should not be limited by these terms. These terms are only used to distinguish one member, component, region, layer or section from another region, layer or section. Thus, a first member, component, region, layer or section discussed below could be termed a second member, component, region, layer or section without departing from the teachings of the embodiments.

[0043] Spatially relative terms, such as "above," "upper," "below," and "lower" and the like, may be used herein for ease of description to describe one element's relationship to another element(s) as shown in the figures. It will be understood that the spatially relative terms are intended to encompass different orientations of the device in use or operation in addition to the orientation depicted in the figures. For example, if the device in the figures is turned over, elements described as "above," or "upper" other elements would then be oriented "below," or "lower" the other elements or features. Thus, the term "above" can encompass both the above and below orientations depending on a particular direction of the figures. The device may be otherwise oriented (rotated 90 degrees or at other orientations) and the spatially relative descriptors used herein may be interpreted accordingly.

[0044] The terminology used herein is for describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting of the present inventive concept. As used herein, the singular forms "a," "an," and "the" are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. It will be further understood that the terms "comprises," and/or "comprising" when used in this specification, specify the presence of stated features, integers, steps, operations, members, elements, and/or groups thereof, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, integers, steps, operations, members, elements, and/or groups thereof.

[0045] Hereinafter, embodiments of the present inventive concept will be described with reference to schematic views illustrating embodiments of the present inventive concept. In the drawings, for example, due to manufacturing techniques and/or tolerances, modifications of the shape shown may be estimated. Thus, embodiments of the present inventive concept should not be construed as being limited to the particular shapes of regions shown herein, for example, to include a change in shape results in manufacturing. The following embodiments may also be constituted by one or a combination thereof.

[0046] The various embodiments described below may have a variety of configurations and propose only a required configuration herein, but are not limited thereto.

[0047] In addition, a surface of each lens closest to an object is referred to as a first surface or an object-side surface, and a surface of each lens closest to an imaging surface is referred to as a second surface or an image-side surface. A person skilled in the relevant art will appreciate that other units of measurement may be used. Further, in the present specification, all radii of curvature, thicknesses, OALs (optical axis distances from the first surface of the first lens to the image sensor (OALs), a distance on the optical axis between the stop and the image sensor (SLs), image heights or ½ of a diagonal length of the imaging plane (IMGHs) (image heights), and black focus lengths (BFLs) (back focus lengths) of the lenses, an overall focal length of an optical system, and a focal length of each lens are indicated in millimeters (mm). Further, thicknesses of lenses, gaps between the lenses, OALs, and SLs are distances measured based on an optical axis of the lenses. Further, in a description for shapes of the lenses, surface of a lens being convex means that an optical axis portion of a corresponding surface is convex, and a surface of a lens being concave means that an optical axis portion of a corresponding surface is concave. Therefore, even in the